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MEXICO.

Yellow fever reported at Monterey.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, D. C., August 2, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to apprise you of the receipt of a telegram from Mr. John K. Pollard, consul-general of the United States at Monterey, Mexico, reading as follows:

CONSULATE-GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES, MONTEREY, MEXICO, August 1, 1898.—Department of State, Washington, D. C.: Yellow.—POLLARD.

The Department's understanding of this is that yellow fever has broken out at Monterey.

Respectfully, yours,

WILLIAM R. DAY,
Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Yellow fever in Tampico.

Under date of July 25, 1898, the United States vice-consul at Tampico reports that the health officer of the port of Tampico has advised him of the appearance of yellow fever. The exact number of cases, he states, can not be ascertained, but during the week ended July 24, 1898, the number may be placed approximately at 15. The number of deaths from it during the period from the 21st to 24th of July was 7. The vice-consul reports that active steps are being taken to check the spread of the disease.

Denial of report of yellow fever at Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, MEXICO, July 25, 1898.

SIR: In answer to your inquiry, dated July 15, I beg to say that there must be a mistake, as I can not find the case (a) you refer to, and the sanitary condition of this port is good. I get the official report of the board of health every week and see many of the doctors, and they all agree that there has not been yellow fever this year.

I am, sir, very respectfully,

WM. W. CANADA,
United States Consul.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

TURKEY.

Report from the United States sanitary commissioner.

[Report No. 196.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14, 1898.

SIR: Nearly all the pilgrims have already reached their homes from the Haj or pilgrimage. There is, as I have already reported, no more question of bubonic plague. Dr. Cozzonis, the inspector-general, who was sent to Djiddah when the bubonic plague broke out there, as well as to the lazaretto of Clazomena, when a woman fell ill among the pil-

^a One case of yellow fever in the city of Vera Cruz was reported by the United States sanitary inspector at El Paso, Tex., on July 9, 1898, PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS, Vol. XIII, No. 28, p. 744.